

# The Great Plains Laboratory, Inc.

William Shaw, Ph.D Director 11813 W. 77th Street, Lenexa, KS 66214 (913) 341-8949 Fax (913) 341-6207 Requisition #: 777543 **Physician Name:** JULIA CASSETTA **Patient Name:** Robert Stehlin **Date of Collection:** Feb 12, 2020 Jul 9, 1963 Date of Birth: Time of Collection: 07:00 AM Gender: **Print Date:** Feb 21, 2020

## **Mycotox Profile**

Creatinine Value: 133.98 mg/dl

Metabolite	Results (ng/g creatinine)	Normal Range *	Abnormal Range
Aspergillus			
Aflatoxin-M1	0.00	< 0.5	
		▲ 0	.5
Ochratoxin A	11.96	< 7.5	
		▲ 7	7.5
Gliotoxin	0.00	< 200	
		<b>▲</b> 2	00
Penicillum			
Sterigmatocystin	0.00	< 0.4	
		▲ 0	.4
Mycophenolic Acid	43.61	< 37.4	
		▲ 3	7.4
Stachybotrys			
Roridin E	0.00	< 0.2	
		▲ 0	0.2

<sup>\*</sup> The normal range was calculated using the median + 2 times the standard deviation



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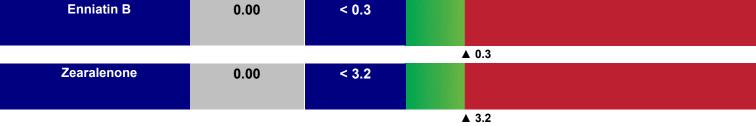
Requisition #: 777543 Physician Name: JULIA CASSETTA

Patient Name:Robert StehlinDate of Collection:Feb 12, 2020Date of Birth:Jul 9, 1963Time of Collection:07:00 AM

Gender: M Print Date: Feb 21, 2020

## **Mycotox Profile**

Metabolite	Results (ng/g creatinine)	Normal Range	*	Abnormal Range
Verrucarin A	0.00	< 1.3		
Fusarium			,	▲ 1.3
Enniatin B	0.00	< 0.3	H	



### Chaetomium globosum



#### **Multiple Mold Species**



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Ochratoxin: Ochratoxin A (OTA) is a nephrotoxic, immunotoxic, and carcinogenic mycotoxin. This chemical is produced by molds in the Aspergillus and Penicillium families. Exposure is done primarily through water damaged buildings. Minimal exposure can occur through contaminated foods such as cereals, grape juices, dairy, spices, wine, dried vine fruit, and coffee. Exposure to OTA can also come from inhalation exposure in water-damaged buildings. OTA can lead to kidney disease and adverse neurological effects. Studies have shown that OTA can lead to significant oxidative damage to multiple brain regions and is highly nephrotoxic. Dopamine levels in the brain of mice have been shown to be decreased after exposure to OTA. Some studies have hypothesized that OTA may contribute to the development of neurodegenerative diseases such as Alzheimer's and Parkinson's. Treatment should be aimed at removing the source of exposure. Agents such as oral cholestyramine, charcoal, and phenylalanine can help prevent the absorption of these toxins from food. Antioxidants such as vitamins A, E, C, NAC, rosmarinic acid, and liposomal glutathione alone or in combination have been shown to mitigate the oxidative effects of the toxin. Bentonite or zeolite clay is reported to reduce the absorption of multiple mycotoxins found in food, including OTA. Studies have also shown that OTA is present in sweat, which supports the use of sauna as a treatment to increase the excretion of OTA. The use of binders is recommended, take 1-2 capsules of G.I. Detox™\*, 1-2x daily, 1 hour apart from food, supplements and medication as needed. To treat possible fungal infections caused by mold exposure patients can take pharmaceutical medications such as itraconazole or nystatin. Patients can also take 2 capsules of Candida Formula\* 2x daily with food for 3 months, 2 hours apart from probiotics.

(PMID 17195275, 16293235, 27521635, 22069626, 24792326, 22253638, 16140385, 2467220, 16844142, 19148691, 22069658, 16019795, 18286403, 15781206, 11439224, 17092826, 32710148)

Mycophenolic Acid: Mycophenolic Acid (MPA) is an antifungal, antibacterial, and antiviral mycotoxin acid. It is produced by the Penicillium fungus. MPA is an immunosuppressant which inhibits the proliferation of B and T lymphocytes. MPA exposure can increase the risk of opportunistic infections such as clostridia and Candida. MPA is associated with miscarriage and congenital malformations when the woman is exposed in pregnancy. The use of binders is recommended, take 1-2 capsules of G.I. Detox™\*, 1-2x daily, 1 hour apart from food, supplements and medication as needed. To treat possible fungal infections caused by mold exposure patients can take pharmaceutical medications such as itraconazole or nystatin. Patients can also take 2 capsules of Candida Formula\* 2x daily with food for 3 months, 2 hours apart from probiotics. Retesting is recommended after 3-6 months of treatment.

(PMID: 858824, 28646113, 27809954, 27599910)

Retesting is recommended after 3-6 months of treatment.

Date of Birth:

<sup>\*</sup>These products can be purchased through New Beginnings Nutritionals, www.nbnus.com, 913-754-0458.